

LEATHER & LEATHER ALTERNATIVES

A GUIDE TO LABELLING

LEATHER



NATURALLY

WHEN IS LEATHER **NOT LEATHER?**

DIFFERENT MATERIALS HAVE DIFFERENT BENEFITS, BUT LABELS CAN BE CONFUSING. **GET THE FACTS.**

Leather is of **natural origin** and made from the hide or skin of an animal. The internationally recognised definition of leather as the International Standard Organisation (ISO) is:

Hide or Skin with its original fibrous structure more or less intact, tanned to be imputrescible, where the hair or wool may or may not have been removed.

TO BE CLEAR TO CONSUMERS ABOUT THE ORIGIN AND BENEFITS OF THE MATERIALS USED TO MAKE THE PRODUCT THEY ARE BUYING, THE TERM LEATHER SHOULD ONLY BE USED FOR MATERIALS THAT MEET THIS DEFINITION.



‘Vegan leather’ is usually either artificial or synthetic, or one of a new variety of alternative materials. Any material that is not of animal origin can be referred to as vegan. **It is important to note that ‘vegan’ does not necessarily mean ‘natural’** and there is no relationship with the environmental impact of the product and whether or not it is biodegradable or can be recycled unless it is specifically stated.



It is deceiving to call a material **‘Vegan Leather’**, but this is often done to market the material to imply it has the beauty, natural quality and long lasting benefits of leather.

Synthetic or **artificial materials** made to look like leather are usually **oil-based** from fossil-fuel resources. They are usually made with **polyester** or **nylon**, coated with **PVC** or **PU**. Synthetic leather is not as comfortable to wear as genuine leather as it does not allow the skin to breathe in the same way. It does not have the same long-lasting qualities and is difficult to repair.



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Although these materials **imply** that they have the same natural origin and wear qualities as leather by including the term “Leather” in the name, **they do not**. Anyone that wishes to make a conscious **purchasing decision** that allows them to weigh up the **quality** and **environmental impact** of any artificial or synthetic material made to look like leather should seek out a more detailed material content.

Alternative sources for new materials are increasingly being sought and new manufacturing methods developed. They are an important addition to improving the choice of **sustainable materials**. For example, **fruits and their skins are popular alternative** materials from which to create leather imitations.

The natural components are combined or backed with other materials to give them strength or body and right now the combination material is often **PU** or **PVC**.



Natural components may be the majority product used, but they can be combined with **synthetic** or **artificial** backers - the fact that the synthetic content is lower than a fully artificial material might be an acceptable compromise.

IF A COMPLETELY NATURAL PRODUCT IS REQUIRED, LEATHER IS THE CHOICE.

LEARN MORE WITH LEATHER NATURALLY

Leather Naturally promotes the use of globally-manufactured sustainable leather.

Its website www.leathernaturally.org is a key resource for information about modern leather manufacturing and the part it plays in a more sustainable society.

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